Year 1

Year 2

#### **Computer Science Steps** Year 3 Year 4 Year 5 Year 1 Year 2 From NCCE Learning Graphs (Teach Computing) To explain what a given command will do To describe a series of instructions as a To explore a new programming To identify that accuracy in programming To control a simple circuit connected to a environment . I can predict the outcome of a command on a sequence is important computer device • I can follow instructions given by someone else . I can identify the objects in a Scratch project . I can program a computer by typing commands . I can build a simple circuit to connect a • I can match a command to an outcome • I can choose a series of words that can be enacted (sprites, backdrops) • I can explain the effect of changing a value of a microcontroller to a computer • I can run a command on a device I can explain that objects in Scratch have I can program a microcontroller to light an LED as a sequence command I can explain why I used an infinite loop I can give clear and unambiguous instructions attributes (linked to) • I can create a code snippet for a given purpose I can recognise that commands in Scratch are To act out a given word To explain what happens when we change I can identify that each sprite is controlled To create a program in a text-based To write a program that includes count- I can follow an instruction the order of instructions by the commands I choose language controlled loops . I can recall words that can be acted out . I can create different algorithms for a range of I can choose a word which describes an on-. I can use a template to create a design for my • I can connect more than one output device to a I can give directions sequences (using the same commands) screen action for my design program microcontroller • I can use an algorithm to program a seguence on a • I can create a program following a design . I can write an algorithm to produce a given I can design sequences for given output devices I can decide which output devices I control with a floor robot outcome • I can show the difference in outcomes between two . I can test my algorithm in a text-based language To combine forwards and backwards To use logical reasoning to predict the To explain that a program has a start To explain what 'repeat' means To explain that a loop can stop when a outcome of a program (series of commands) I can start a program in different ways • I can identify everyday tasks that include condition is met. e.g. number of times commands to make a sequence . I can create a sequence of connected commands repetition as part of a sequence, eg brushing teeth. • I can follow a sequence . I can explain that a condition is something that I can compare forwards and backwards movements I can explain that the objects in my project will dance moves • I can predict the outcome of a sequence can either be true or false (e.g. whether a value is . I can start a sequence from the same place respond exactly to the code I can identify patterns in a sequence, eq 'step 3. more than 10, or whether a button has been . I can compare my prediction to the program I can predict the outcome of a sequence involving times' means the same as 'step, step, step' pressed) forwards and backwards commands • I can use a count-controlled loop to produce a I can experiment with a do until loop given outcome • I can program a microcontroller to respond to an input To combine four direction commands to To explain that programming projects can To recognise that a sequence of To modify a count-controlled loop to To conclude that a loop can be used to have code and artwork commands can have an order produce a given outcome repeatedly check whether a condition has make sequences I can explain the choices I made for my mat design I can explain what a sequence is I can identify the effect of changing the number been met . I can compare left and right turns . I can identify different routes around my mat I can combine sound commands of times a task is repeated I can experiment with turn and move commands to • I can explain a condition being met can start an I can predict the outcome of a program move a robot . I can test my mat to make sure that it is usable I can order notes into a seguence containing a count-controlled loop . I can identify a condition and an action in my I can predict the outcome of a sequence involving • I can choose which values to change in a loop up to four commands project . I can use selection (an if... then... statement) to direct the flow of a program To plan a simple program To design an algorithm To change the appearance of my project To decompose a program into parts To design a physical project which . I can explain what my algorithm should achieve I can build a sequence of commands . I can identify 'chunks' of actions in the real world • I can explain what my program should do includes selection I can create an algorithm to meet my goal . I can decide the actions for each sprite in a . I can choose the order of commands in a sequence I can use a procedure in a program . I can identify a condition to start an action (real • I can debug my program . I can use my algorithm to create a program . I can explain that a computer can repeatedly call world) I can make design choices for my artwork I can describe what my project will do (the task) I can create a detailed drawing of my project To find more than one solution to a To create and debug a program that I have To create a project from a task description To create a program that uses count-To create a controllable system which • I can identify and name the objects I will need for controlled loops to produce a given written includes selection problem a project I can identify several possible solutions I can plan algorithms for different parts of a task outcome . I can write an algorithm to control lights and a I can relate a task description to a design I can test and debug each part of the program I can plan two programs . I can design a program that includes count-. I can put together the different parts of my program • I can implement my algorithm as code . I can use selection to produce an intended • I can use two different programs to get to the same controlled loops place . I can make use of my design to write a program outcome . I can test and debug my project . I can develop my program by debugging it

Year 3

Year 4

Year 5

#### To choose a command for a given To explain that a sequence of commands has To explain how a sprite moves in an To develop the use of count-controlled To explain how selection is used in a start existing project loops in a different programming computer programs purpose . I can identify the start of a sequence . I can explain the relationship between an event environment I can recall how conditions are used in selection. I can find which commands move a sprite • I can list an everyday task as a set of instructions • I can identify conditions in a program . I can identify that a program needs to be started and an action I can use commands to move a sprite I can show how to run my program . I can choose which keys to use for actions and • I can modify a condition in a program . I can compare different programming tools including repetition explain my choices . I can predict the outcome of a snippet of code I can identify a way to improve a program . I can modify a snippet of code to create a given To show that a series of commands can To explain that a sequence of commands has To create a program to move a sprite in To explain that in programming there are To relate that a conditional statement an outcome four directions infinite loops and count controlled loops connects a condition to an outcome be joined together I can choose a character for my project . I can predict the outcome of a sequence of I can modify loops to produce a given outcome . I can use more than one block by joining them I can choose a suitable size for a character in a • I can choose when to use a count-controlled and • I can use selection in an infinite loop to check a commands together • I can match two sequences with the same outcome an infinite loop • I can use a start block in a program • I can change the outcome of a sequence of I can program movement • I can recognise that some programming • I can identify the condition and outcomes in an • I can run my program commands languages enable more than one process to be run if..then... else statement at once . I can create a program with different outcomes using selection To identify the effect of changing a value To create a program using a given design To adapt a program to a new context To develop a design which includes two or To explain how selection directs the flow . I can tell the actions of a sprite in an algorithm I can use a programming extension I can find blocks which have numbers more loops which run at the same time of a program I can consider the real-world when making design I can choose which action will be repeated for I can decide which blocks to use to meet the design I can change the value I can build the sequences of blocks I need I can say what happens when I change a value each object I can explain that program flow can branch I can choose blocks to set up my program • I can explain what the outcome of the repeated according to a condition action should be • I can design the flow of a program which contains . I can evaluate the effectiveness of the repeated if... then... else.. sequences used in my program . I can show that a condition can direct program flow in one of two ways To explain that each sprite has its own To change a given design To develop my program by adding features To modify an infinite loop in a given To design a program which uses selection I can choose backgrounds for the design . I can identify additional features (from a given set program I can outline a given task instructions • I can use a design format to outline my project . I can choose characters for the design of blocks) . I can identify which parts of a loop can be I can show that a project can include more than one • I can create a program based on the new design I can choose suitable keys to turn on additional • I can identify the outcome of user input in an changed . I can explain the effect of my changes • I can delete a sprite I can build more sequences of commands to . I can re-use existing code snippets on new I can add blocks to each of my sprites make my design work sprites To design the parts of a project To create a program using my own design To identify and fix bugs in a program To design a project that includes repetition To create a program which uses selection . I can choose the images for my own design I can test a program against a given design • I can evaluate the use of repetition in a project • I can implement my algorithm to create the first I can choose appropriate artwork for my project • I can select key parts of a given project to use in section of my program I can decide how each sprite will move I can create an algorithm I can match a piece of code to an outcome • I can create an algorithm for each sprite I can build sequences of blocks to match my design . I can modify a program using a design my own design I can test my program • I can develop my own design explaining what my • I can share my program with others project will do To use my algorithm to create a program To decide how my project can be improved To design and create a maze based To create a project that includes repetition To evaluate my program I can use sprites which match my design . I can compare my project to my design challenge . I can refine the algorithm in my design . I can identify ways the program could be • I can improve my project by adding features . I can build a program that follows my design • I can add programming blocks based on my improved . I can make design choices and justify them • I can evaluate the steps I followed when building • I can identify what setup code my project needs I can debug I can implement my design algorithm • I can test the programs I have created . I can extend my program further I can evaluate my project

DL & IT Steps (lots of crossover - especially in year 4 - sometimes into CS too)

Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5

#### To describe what different freehand tools To say how music can make us feel To recognise how text and images convey To explain that digital images can be • I can identify simple differences in pieces of music information changed • I can listen with concentration to a range of music . I can explain the difference between text and I can make marks on a screen and explain which (links to the Music curriculum) images tools Lused • I can draw lines on a screen and explain which tools • I can describe how music makes me feel, e.g. happy . I can recognise that text and images can communicate messages clearly l used • I can identify the advantages and disadvantages • I can explain the effect that editing can have on • I can use the paint tools to draw a picture of using text and images To use the shape tool and the line tools To identify that there are patterns in music To recognise that text and layout can be To change the composition of an image . I can create a rhythm pattern I can explain what has changed in an edited • I can make marks with the square and line tools edited I can use the shape and line tools effectively I can play an instrument following a rhythm pattern • I can change font style, size, and colours for a I can explain that music is created and played by • I can change the composition of an image by I can use the shape and line tools to recreate the given purpose selecting parts of it work of an artist I can edit text I can explain that text can be changed to I can consider why someone might want to communicate more clearly change the composition of an image To make careful choices when painting a To describe how music can be used in To choose appropriate page settings different ways . I can define the term 'page orientation' digital picture I can recognise placeholders and say why they I can connect images with sounds I can choose appropriate shapes are important . I can use a computer to experiment with pitch and I can make appropriate colour choices. I can create a template for a particular purpose I can create a picture in the style of an artist . I can relate an idea to a piece of music To explain why I chose the tools I used To show how music is made from a series of To add content to a desktop publishing To make good choices when selecting I know that different paint tools do different jobs publication . I can choose appropriate paint tools and colours to . I can identify that music is a sequence of notes I can choose the best locations for my content recreate the work of an artist • I can use a computer to create a musical pattern • I can paste text and images to create a magazine • I can give examples of positive and negative . I can say which tools were helpful and why using three notes I can refine my musical pattern on a computer • I can make changes to content after I've added it • I can choose appropriate tools to retouch an To use a computer on my own to paint a To create music for a purpose To consider how different layouts can suit To recognise that not all images are real • I can describe an animal using sounds picture different purposes . I can explain my choices I can make dots of colour on the page I can identify different layouts I can save my work I can match a layout to a purpose. . I can change the colour and brush sizes I can use dots of colour to create a picture in the . I can choose a suitable layout for a given purpose style of an artist on my own To compare painting a picture on a To review and refine our computer work To consider the benefits of desktop computer and on paper I can reopen my work publishing I can explain how I made my work better I can identify the uses of desktop publishing in . I can explain that pictures can be made in lots of • I can listen to music and describe how it makes me the real world different ways I can say why desktop publishing might be helpful I can compare the original image with my • I can spot the differences between painting on a • I can compare work made on desktop publishing completed publication computer and on paper to work created by hand I can say whether I prefer painting using a computer or using paper

#### To identify that drawing tools can be used to produce different outcomes . I can identify changes that we can make to an • I can recognise that vector drawings are made

- I can explore how images can be changed in real I can identify the main drawing tools I can discuss how a vector drawing is different from paper-based drawings
  - To create a vector drawing by combining shapes
  - I can identify the shapes used to make a vector drawing I can explain that each element added to a vector
  - drawing is an object
  - I can move, resize, and rotate objects I have duplicated

### To describe how images can be changed for different uses

- I can talk about changes made to images . I can choose effects to make my image fit a
- . I can explain why my choices fit a scenario

### To use tools to achieve a desired effect

- I can use the zoom tool to help me add detail to my drawings
- I can explain how alignment grids and resize handles can be used to improve consistency
- . I can modify objects to create different effects

### different tools • I can identify how an image has been retouched

- effects that retouching can have on an image

- I can sort images into 'fake' or 'real' and explain my choices
- . I can combine parts of images to create new images
- I can talk about fake images around me

### To recognise that vector drawings consist of lavers

- . I can identify that each added object creates a new layer in the drawing
- . I can identify which objects are in the front layer
- or in the back layer of a drawing
- I can change the order of lavers in a vector

### To group objects to make them easier to work with

- . I can copy part of a drawing by duplicating several objects
- . I can group to create a single object
- . I can reuse a group of objects to further develop my vector drawing

## To evaluate how changes can improve an

- to my work
- I can evaluate the impact of my publication on others through feedback

### To evaluate my vector drawing

- I create alternatives to vector drawings
- I can consider the effect of adding other elements I can suggest improvements to a vector drawing
  - . I can apply what I have learned about vector

Year 3 Year 2 Year 4 Year 5 Year 1

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Year 1

Year 2

#### To use a computer to write To know what devices can be used to take To explain that animation is a sequence of To identify that sound can be digitally To explain what makes a video effective I can explain that video is a visual media format photographs drawings or photographs recorded: I can open a word processor I can identify features of videos I can recognise keys on a keyboard . I can sort devices into old and new . I can draw a sequence of pictures . I can identify digital devices that can record I can compare features in different videos . I can identify and find keys on a keyboard • I can talk about how to take a photograph • I can create an effective sound and play it back I can capture digital photos and talk about my flip book-style animation . I can identify the inputs and outputs required to experience I can explain how an animation/flip book works play audio or record sound I can recognise the range of sounds that can be recorded To add and remove text on a computer To use a digital device to take a photograph To relate animated movement with a To use a digital device to record sound: To use a digital device to record video . I can enter text into a computer . I can explain the process of taking a good sequence of images • I can use a device to record audio and play back • I can identify and find features on a digital video • I can use letter, number, and space keys photograph recording device I can predict what an animation will look like • I can experiment with different camera angles I can take photos in both landscape and portrait . I can suggest how to improve my recording I can use backspace to remove text I can explain why little changes are needed for • I can discuss what other people include when • I can make use of a microphone each frame recording sound for a podcast . I can explain why a photo looks better in portrait or . I can create an effective stop frame animation landscape format To identify that the look of text can be To describe what makes a good photograph To plan an animation To explain that a digital recording is stored To capture video using a range of • I can break down a story into settings, characters as a file: . I can identify what is wrong with a photograph changed on a computer techniques I can discuss how to take a good photograph and events • I can plan and write the content for a podcast I can suggest filming techniques for a given . I can type capital letters • I can describe an animation that is achievable on • I can discuss why it is useful to be able to save . I can improve a photograph by retaking it purpose I can explain what the keys that I have learnt about screen digital recordings I can capture video using a range of filming already do . I can create a storyboard • I can identify the toolbar and use bold, italic, and • I can save a digital recording as a file techniques underline . I can review how effective my video is To make careful choices when changing To decide how photographs can be improved To identify the need to work consistently To explain that audio can be changed To create a storyboard • I can outline the scenes of my video • I can explore the effect that light has on a photo and carefully through editing: I can experiment with different light sources I can decide which filming techniques I will use . I can use onion skinning to help me make small • I can open a digital recording from a file • I can select a word by double-clicking I can focus on an object changes between frames • I can discuss ways in which audio recordings can • I can create and save video content . I can select all of the text by clicking and dragging I can review a sequence of frames to check my be altered . I can change the font . I can edit sections of of an audio recording I can evaluate the quality of my animation To explain why I used the tools that I To use tools to change an image To review and improve an animation To show that different types of audio can To identify that video can be improved . I can recognise that images can be changed . I can explain ways to make my animation better be combined and played together: through reshooting and editing chose • I can use a tool to achieve a desired effect . I can evaluate another learner's animation • I can discuss sounds that other people combine . I can store, retrieve, and export my recording to a • I can say what tool I used to change the text • I can explain my choices I can improve my animation based on feedback I can choose suitable sounds to include in a • I can decide if my changes have improved my computer podcast I can explain how to improve a video by . I can use editing tools to arrange sections of reshooting and editing I can use 'undo' to remove changes I can select the correct tools to make edits to my audio video To evaluate editing choices made: To compare writing on a computer with To evaluate the impact of adding other To consider the impact of the choices To recognise that images can be changed . I can apply a range of photography skills to capture media to an animation • I can explain that digital recordings need to be made when making and sharing a video writing on paper exported to share them . I can add other media to my animation . I can make edits to my video and improve the • I can write a message on a computer and on paper • I can recognise which images have been changed • I can discuss the features of a digital recording I I can explain why I added other media to my final outcome • I can compare using a computer with using a pencil I can identify which images are real and which have I can recognise that my choices when making a and paper • I can suggest improvements to a digital recording video will impact on the quality of the final outcome been changed I can evaluate my final film I can sav which method I like best I can evaluate my video and share my opinions

Year 3

Year 4

Year 5

# To identify technology . I can locate examples of technology in the classroom I can explain how these technology examples help

### To recognise the uses and features of • I can explain technology as something that helps us information technology

- I can identify examples of computers
- I can describe some uses of computers
- I can identify that a computer is a part of information technology

### To explain how digital devices function

- I can explain that digital devices accept inputs
- I can follow a process

### To describe how networks physically connect to other networks

- I can explain that digital devices produce outputs
   I can describe the internet as a network of
  - I can demonstrate how information is shared across the internet
  - I can discuss why a network needs protecting

### To explain that computers can be connected together to form systems

- I can explain that systems are built using a number of parts
- I can describe that a computer system features inputs, processes, and outputs
- I can explain that computer systems communicate with other devices

### To identify a computer and its main parts To identify information technology in the

- I can name the main parts of a computer
- I can switch on and log into a computer
- I can use a mouse to click and drag

### home

- . I can explain the purpose of information technology in the home
- . I can open a file
- I can move and resize images

### To identify input and output devices

- . I can classify input and output devices
- I can model a simple process
- . I can design a digital device

### To recognise how networked devices make up the internet

- . I can describe the different networked devices and how they connect
- I can explain how the internet allows us to view the World Wide Web
- I can recognise that the World Wide Web is the part of the internet that contains websites and web system pages

### To recognise the role of computer systems in our lives

- . I can identify tasks that are managed by computer systems
- . I can identify the human elements of a computer
- I can explain the benefits of a given computer

### To use a mouse in different ways

- I can use a mouse to open a program
- I can click and drag to make objects on a screen • I can use a mouse to create a picture

### To identify information technology beyond school

- I can find examples of information technology
- I can talk about uses of information technology
- I can compare types of information technology

### To recognise how digital devices can change the way we work

- I can explain how I use digital devices for different activities
- I can recognise similarities between using digital I can describe where websites are stored when devices and non-digital tools
- I can suggest differences between using digital. devices and non-digital tools

### To outline how websites can be shared via To identify how to use a search engine the World Wide Web

- . I can explain the types of media that can be shared on the World Wide Web (WWW)
- uploaded to the WWW
- . I can describe how to access websites on the WWW

- I can make use of a web search to find specific information
- I can refine my web search

index

 I can compare results from different search enaines

### To use a keyboard to type

- . I can tell you that writing on a computer is called
- I can type my name on a computer
- I can use the shift key to type a capital letter
- . I can save my work to a file

### To explain how information technology benefits us

- I can demonstrate how information technology is used in a shop
- I can recognise that information technology can be
- I can explain how information technology helps people

### used to share information I can recognise different connections

- . I can explain how messages are passed through websites multiple connections
- I can discuss why we need a network switch

To explore how digital devices can be

I can demonstrate how information can be

I can explain the role of a switch, server, and

connected

up of a number of devices

passed between devices

wireless access point in a network

### accessed on the World Wide Web I can create media which can be found on.

- . I can recognise that I can add content to the
- . I can explain that new content can be created online

### To explain how a computer network can be To describe how content can be added and To describe how search engines select I can explain why we need tools to find things

- online . I can recognise the role of web crawlers in
- creating an index I can relate a search term to the search engine's

- To use the keyboard to edit text
- . I can open my work from a file
- I can use the arrow keys to move the cursor
- I can delete letters

### To show how to use information technology safely

- I can list different uses of information technology
- . I can recognise how to use information technology responsibly
- I can say how those rules/guides can help me

## is created by people

- I can recognise that a computer network is made I can explain that websites and their content are created by people
  - I can explain that there are rules to protect

#### To recognise how the content of the WWW To explain how search results are ranked . I can order a list by rank

- I can explain that a search engine follows rules to rank results
- I can suggest who owns the content on websites I can give examples of criteria used by search engines to rank results

### To create rules for using technology responsibly

- I can identify rules to keep us safe and healthy when we are using technology in and beyond the
- I can give examples of some of these rules
- I can discuss how we benefit from these rules

### To recognise that choices are made when using information technology

- I can identify the choices that I make when using information technology
- I can explain simple guidance for using information technology in different environments and settings
- I can enjoy a variety of activities

#### To recognise the physical components of a To evaluate the consequences of network unreliable content

content

- I can identify how devices in a network are connected with one another
- . I can identify networked devices around me

# . I can explain that not everything on the World

- Wide Web is true. . I can explain why some information I find online
- I can identify the benefits of computer networks may not be honest, accurate, or legal.
  - I can explain why I need to think carefully before I I can explain how search engines make money share or reshare content

### To recognise why the order of results is important, and to whom

- . I can describe some of the ways that search results can be influenced
- . I can recognise some of the limitations of search engines

Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5 Year 1

### To label objects

- I can describe objects using labels
- I can match objects to groups
- I can identify the label for a group of objects

#### To recognise that we can count and compare objects using tally charts

- . I can record data in a tally chart
- . I can represent a tally count as a total
- I can compare totals in a tally chart

#### L can count objects

- I can group objects
- I can count a group of objects
- To identify that objects can be counted 
  To recognise that objects can be represented as pictures I can enter data onto a computer
  - I can use a computer to view data in a different format
  - I can use pictograms to answer simple questions about objects

### To describe objects in different ways

- . I can describe an object
- I can describe a property of an object
- . I can find objects with similar properties

### To count objects with the same properties

- I can group similar objects
- I can group objects in more than one way
- I can count how many objects share a property

### To create a pictogram

- I can organise data in a tally chart
- I can use a tally chart to create a pictogram
- I can explain what the pictogram shows

### To select objects by attribute and make comparisons

- . I can tally objects using a common attribute
- I can create a pictogram to arrange objects by an attribute
- I can answer 'more than'/'less than' and 'most/least' questions about an attribute

#### To recognise that people can be described by To compare groups of objects attributes

- . I can choose how to group objects
- I can describe groups of objects

I can compare groups of objects

• I can record and share what I have found

objects

auestion

- I can record how many objects are in a group
- I can choose a suitable attribute to compare people
- I can collect the data I need
- I can create a pictogram and draw conclusions from

#### To answer questions about groups of To explain that we can present information using a computer I can decide how to group objects to answer a

- I can use a computer program to present information
  - I can share what I have found out using a computer
  - . I can give simple examples of why information
  - should not be shared

#### To create questions with yes/no answers To explain that data gathered over time I can investigate questions with yes/no answers can be used to answer questions

- I can make up a yes/no question about a I can choose a data set to answer a given collection of objects
- I can create two groups of objects separated by I can suggest questions that can be answered using a given data set
  - . I can identify data that can be gathered over time

#### To use a form to record information

- . I can create multiple questions about the same field
- I can explain how information can be recorded.
- . I can order, sort, and group my data cards

### To create a branching database

- I can select objects to arrange in a branching
- I can group objects using my own yes/no auestions

one attribute

I can prove my branching database works

### To use a digital device to collect data automatically

- . I can explain that sensors are input devices
- I can use data from a sensor to answer a given
- I can identify that data from sensors can be recorded

### To compare paper and computer-based databases

- I can navigate a flat-file database to compare different views of information
- . I can explain what a 'field' and a 'record' is in a
- . I can choose which field to sort data by to answer
- a given guestion

### to be well structured

- I can create ves/no questions using given attributes
- I can explain that questions need to be ordered carefully to split objects into similarly sized groups

#### . I can compare two branching database structures To identify objects using a branching database

- . I can select a theme and choose a variety of objects
- I can create guestions and apply them to a tree structure

• I can select an attribute to separate objects into

. I can use my branching database to answer questions

collect relevant data

aroups

group

### points' from sensors over time

- I can identify a suitable place to collect data
- I can identify the intervals used to collect data
- I can talk about the data that I have captured

### to find information

- . I can import a data set
- I can use a computer to view data in different
- I can use a computer program to sort data

### To explain why it is helpful for a database To explain that a data logger collects 'data To outline how you can answer questions by grouping and then sorting data

- I can explain how information can be grouped
- I can group information to answer guestions
- I can combine grouping and sorting to answer more specific questions

### To use data collected over a long duration To explain that tools can be used to select specific data

- I can choose which field and value are required to answer a given guestion
- I can outline how 'AND' and 'OR' can be used to refine data selection
- I can choose multiple criteria to answer a given question

### To identify the object attributes needed to To identify the data needed to answer questions

- I can propose a question that can be answered using logged data
- I can create a group of objects within an existing I can plan how to collect data using a data logger I can refine a chart by selecting a particular filter
  - I can use a data logger to collect data

### To explain that computer programs can be used to compare data visually

- I can select an appropriate chart to visually compare data
- . I can explain the benefits of using a computer to create graphs

### To compare the information shown in a pictogram with a branching database

I can explain what a pictogram tells me

I can arrange objects into a tree structure

- I can compare two ways of presenting information collected

- a data logger
- I can explain what a branching database tells me I can draw conclusions from the data that I have

### • I can interpret data that has been collected using questions

- I can ask questions that will need more than one field to answer
- . I can refine a search in a real-world context
- I can explain the benefits of using a data logger
   I can present my findings to a group

### To use collected data to answer questions To use a real-world database to answer

### Year 6

### To define a 'variable' as something that is changeable

- I can identify examples of information that is variable
- I can explain that the way that a variable changes can be defined
- I can identify that variables can hold numbers or

### To explain why a variable is used in a program

- I can identify a program variable as a placeholder in memory for a single value

  I can explain that a variable has a name and a
- I can recognise that the value of a variable can

### he changed To choose how to improve a game by using variables

- I can decide where in a program to change a
- I can make use of an event in a program to set a variable
- I can recognise that the value of a variable can be used by a program

### To design a project that builds on a given example

- I can choose the artwork for my project
- I can explain my design choices
   I can create algorithms for my project

### To use my design to create a project

- I can create the artwork for my project
   I can choose a name that identifies the role of a variable
- I can test the code that I have written

### To evaluate my project

- I can identify ways that my game could be improved
- I can extend my game further using more variables
  • I can share my game with others

### Year 6

## To create a program to run on a controllable device

- I can apply my knowledge of programming to a new environment
- I can test my program on an emulator
- I can transfer my program to a controllable device

## To explain that selection can control the flow of a program

- I can identify examples of conditions in the real world
- I can use a variable in an if... then... else...
- statement to select the flow of a program

   I can determine the flow of a program using selection

### To update a variable with a user input

- I can use a condition to change a variable
- I can experiment with different physical inputs
- I can explain that if you read a variable, the value remains

## To use an conditional statement to compare a variable to a value

- I can explain the importance of the order of conditions in else if statements
- I can use an operand (e.g. <>=) in an if... then... statement
- I can modify a program to achieve a different outcome

## To design a project that uses inputs and outputs on a controllable device

- I can decide what variables to include in a project
- I can design the algorithm for my project
- I can design the program flow for my project

## To develop a program to use inputs and outputs on a controllable device

- I can create a program based on my design
- I can test my program against my design
- I can use a range of approaches to find and fix bugs

### To recognise that you can work in three dimensions on a computer

- I can add 3D shapes to a project
- . I can view 3D shapes from different perspectives
- I can move 3D shapes relative to one another

### To identify that digital 3D objects can be modified

- I can resize an object in three dimensions
   I can lift/lower 3D objects
- I can recolour a 3D object

### To recognise that objects can be combined in a 3D model

- I can rotate objects in three dimensions
- I can duplicate 3D objects
- I can group 3D objects

### To create a 3D model for a given purpose

- I can accurately size 3D objects
- I can show that placeholders can create holes in 3D objects
- I can combine a number of 3D objects

### To plan my own 3D model

- I can analyse a 3D model
- I can choose objects to use in a 3D model
- I can combine objects in a design

### To create my own digital 3D model

- I can construct a 3D model based on a design
- I can explain how my 3D model could be improved
- I can modify my 3D model to improve it

### To review an existing website and consider its structure

- I can explore a website
- I can discuss the different types of media used
- I know that websites are written in HTML

- To plan the features of a web page
   I can recognise the common features of a web
- I can suggest media to include on my page
- I can draw a web page layout that suits my purpose

### To consider the ownership and use of images (copyright)

- I can say why I should use copyright-free images
- I can find copyright-free images
- I can describe what is meant by the term 'fair use'

### To recognise the need to preview pages

- I can add content to my own web page
- I can preview what my web page looks like
   I can evaluate what my web page looks like
   I can evaluate what my web page looks like on different devices and suggest/make edits.

### To outline the need for a navigation path

- I can explain what a navigation path is
- I can describe why navigation paths are useful
- I can make multiple web pages and link them using hyperlinks

### To recognise the implications of linking to content owned by other people

- I can explain the implication of linking to content owned by others
- . I can create hyperlinks to link to other people's
- I can evaluate the user experience of a website

### To identify how to use a search engine

- I can complete a web search to find specific information
- I can refine my search
- I can compare results from different search engines

## To describe how search engines select results

- I can explain why we need tools to find things online
- I can recognise the role of web crawlers
- in creating an index
- I can relate a search term to the search engine's index

### To explain how search results are ranked

- I can explain that search results are ordered
- I can explain that a search engine follows rules to rank relevant pages
- I can suggest some of the criteria that a search engine checks to decide on the order of results

## To recognise why the order of results is important, and to whom

- I can describe some of the ways that search results can be influenced
- I can recognise some of the limitations of search
- I can explain how search engines make money

## To recognise how we communicate using technology

- I can explain the different ways in which people communicate
- I can identify that there are a variety of ways of communicating over the internet
- I can choose methods of communication to suit particular purposes

## To evaluate different methods of online communication

- I can compare different methods of communicating on the internet
- I can decide when I should and should not share
- I can explain that communication on the internet may not be private

## To identify questions which can be answered using data

- I can explain the relevance of data headings
- I can answer questions from an existing data set
- I can ask simple relevant questions which can be answered using data

## To explain that objects can be described using data

- I can explain what an item of data is
- I can apply an appropriate number format to a cell
- I can build a data set in a spreadsheet application

## To explain that formula can be used to produce calculated data

- I can explain the relevance of a cell's data type
- I can construct a formula in a spreadsheet
- I can identify that changing inputs changes outputs

## To apply formulas to data, including duplicating

- I can recognise that data can be calculated using different operations
   I can create a formula which includes a range of
- I can create a formula which includes a range of cells
- I can apply a formula to multiple cells by duplicating it

### To create a spreadsheet to plan an event

- I can use a spreadsheet to answer questions
- I can explain why data should be organised
- I can apply a formula to calculate the data I need to answer questions

### To choose suitable ways to present data

- I can produce a graph
- I can use a graph to show the answer to questions
- I can suggest when to use a table or graph